

## Section 1 - Identification

### Product Name: Parts metal magic (4013)

Product Use: A highly concentrated, powder diluted with water cleaning detergent especially formulated with the highest quality penetrants and surfactants to promote the rapid emulsification of dirt, grease, and oil. This product is designed for use in hot vats and high pressure spray cabinets.

Tidal Washers supplied by Ecolink PO Box 9 Tucker, GA 30085 www.ecolink.com

# Emergency Phone: 800-535-5053

## Section 2 - Hazards Identification

<u>GHS R</u>	atings:			
	Corrosive to metals	1	May be corrosive to metals	
	Skin corrosive	1A	Destruction of dermal tissue: Exposure < 3 min. Observation < 1 hour, visible necrosis in at least one animal	
	Eye corrosive	1	Serious eye damage: Irreversible damage 21 days after exposure, Draize score: Corneal opacity >= 3, Iritis > 1.5	
	Skin sensitizer	1	Skin sensitizer	
<u>GHS Ha</u>	azards			
	H290	May be corrosive to	metals	
	H314	Causes severe skin	burns and eye damage	
	H317	May cause an allergi	ic skin reaction	
	H318	Causes serious eye		
<u>GHS Pr</u>	recautions			
	P234	Keep only in original	container	
	P260		fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray	
	P261		/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray	
	P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace		
	P272			
	P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection		
	P310		mediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell after	
		exposure of this product		
	P321		ee First Aid below or label)	
	P363	Wash contaminated	clothing before reuse	
	P390	Absorb spillage to prevent material damage		
	P301+P330+P331			
	D202 ( D252	NOT induce vomiting		
	P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash w	-	
	P303+P361+P353	Rinse skin with wate	: Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. r/shower	
	P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remov for breathing	e victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable	
	P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse c	ontinuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact I easy to do – continue rinsing	
	P333+P313	•	ash occurs: Get medical advice/attention	
	P405	Store locked up		
	P406		resistant/ container with a resistant inner liner	

### Signal Word: Danger



## Section 3 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
Calcined soda	497-19-8	20.00% - 30.00%
Disodium oxosilanediolate	6834-92-0	20.00% - 30.00%
Triphosphoric acid, sodium salt (1:5)	7758-29-4	10.00% - 20.00%
Sodium lauryl benzene sulfonate	25155-30-0	1.00% - 5.00%
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	1.00% - 5.00%

### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

**INHALATION:** If inhalation of mists, vapors, or spray occurs and adverse effects result, remove to uncontaminated area. Evaluate ABC's (is Airway constricted, is Breathing occurring, and is blood Circulating) and treat symptomatically. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. There is no specific antidote, treat symptomatically.

**EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush contaminated eyes with a directed stream of water for as long as possible. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Washing eyes within several seconds is essential to achieve maximum effectiveness.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Immediately flush contaminated areas with water. Remove contaminated clothing, jewelry, and shoes immediately. Wash contaminated areas with large amounts of water.

GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY. Thoroughly clean and dry contaminated clothing before reuse. Discard contaminated leather goods.

**INGESTION:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. For definite or probable ingestion, do not administer oral fluids. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep airway clear. Monitor airway. Volume resuscitation (IV fluids) and circulatory support (CPR) may be required. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsive person. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

**Notes to Physician:** Medical observation and assessment is recommended for all ingestions, all eye exposures, and symptomatic inhalation and dermal exposures. For symptomatic ingestion, do not administer oral fluids and consider investigation by endoscopy, X-ray, or CT scan. Esophageal perforation, airway compromise, hypotension, and shock are possible. For prolonged exposures and significant exposures, consider delayed injury to exposed tissues. There is no antidote. Treatment is supportive care. Follow normal parameters for airway, breathing, and circulation. Surgical intervention may be required.

### Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point: N/A LEL: 1.00 **Fire Hazard:** Negligible fire hazard.

UEL:

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact: Not sensitive. Sensitivity to Static Discharge: Not sensitive. GHS:Physical Hazards: - Corrosive to Metals

Hazardous Decomposition:

None Known

**Fire Fighting:** Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers with water. Avoid contact with skin.Do not apply water directly on this product. Heat is generated when mixed with water. Wear NIOSH approved positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure demand mode.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**Personal Precautions:** Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing. Avoid breathing mist, vapor, or spray. Do not ingest. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 of the SDS. **Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:** In case of spill or leak, stop the leak as soon as

possible, if safe to do so. Completely contain spilled materials with dikes, sandbags, etc. Shovel dry material into suitable container. Liquid material may be removed with a vacuum truck. Remaining material may be diluted with water and neutralized with dilute acid, then absorbed and collected. Flush spill area with water, if appropriate. **Environmental Precautions:** Keep out of water supplies and sewers. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. This material is alkaline and may raise the pH of surface waters with low buffering capacity. Releases should be reported, if required, to appropriate agencies.

## Section 7 - Handling & Storage

Handling Procedures: Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where this material is used. Wear personal protective equipment as described in Exposure Controls/Personal Protection (Section 8) of the SDS. NEVER add water to product. When

mixing, slowly add to water to minimize heat generation and spattering.

**Storage Conditions:** Store and handle in accordance with all current regulations and standards. Keep container tightly closed and properly labeled. Do not store in aluminum container or use aluminum fittings or transfer lines, as flammable hydrogen gas may be generated. Keep separated from incompatible substances (see Section 10 of SDS).

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection							
Chemical Name / CAS No. OSHA Exposure Limits		ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits				
Calcined soda 497-19-8	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established				
Disodium oxosilanediolate 6834-92-0	Not Established	Not Established	Not Established				
Triphosphoric acid, sodium salt (1:5) 7758-29-4	TWA 15mg/m3 total dust TWA 5mg/m3 respirable dust as Particulates not otherwise classified (PNOC)	Not Established	Not Established				
Sodium lauryl benzene Not Established sulfonate 25155-30-0		Not Established	Not Established				
2-butoxyethanol OSHA Z-1 TWA:240 mg/m3 111-76-2 OSHA Z-1 TWA Absorbed via Skin		TWA 20ppm PE: 50 ppm	Not Established				

SDS for: Hot Vat Stripper NF (29020)

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Provide local exhaust ventilation where dust or mist may be generated. Ensure compliance with applicable exposure limits.

**Respiratory Protection:** An approved respirator with N95 (dust, fume, mist) cartridges may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits, or when symptoms have been observed that are indicative of overexposure. If eye irritation occurs, a full face style mask should be used. A respiratory protection program that meets applicable regulatory requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions

warrant use of a respirator.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye Protection: Wear chemical safety goggles with a faceshield to protect against eye and skin contact when appropriate. Provide an emergency eye wash fountain and quick drench shower in the immediate work area. Skin and Body Protection: Wear chemical resistant clothing and rubber boots when potential for contact with the material exists. Contaminated clothing should be removed, then discarded or laundered. Hand Protection: Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves

Protective Material Types: Natural rubber, Neoprene, Nitrile, Polyvinyl chloride (PVC), Tyvek, Tychem.

Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH approved respirator with N95 (dust, fume, mist) cartridges may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits, or when symptoms have been observed that are indicative of overexposure. If eye irritation occurs, a full face style mask should be used. A respiratory protection program that meets 29 CFR 1910.134 must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant use of a respirator.

**HYGIENE MEASURES:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash hands and affected skin immediately after handling, before breaks, and at the end of the workday. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke.

### Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties

Appearance Powder Color White Odor Citrus

### Section 10 - Stability & Reactivity

Reactivity/ Stability: Stable at normal temperatures and pressures.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Mixing with acid, or incompatible materials may cause splattering and release of large amounts of heat. Will react with some metals forming flammable hydrogen gas. Carbon monoxide gas may form upon contact with reducing sugars, food and beverage products in enclosed spaces.

#### STABLE

#### Incompatibilities:

Strong Oxidzing agents, Strong Acids

#### Reactivity

Corrosive action on metals. Reacts with reducing agents. Reacts with alkali (lyes). Reacts with organic substances. Ammonia (NH3), fluorine, sulfur trioxide (SO3), phosphorus pentoxide (P2O5). Chemical stability No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications. Possibility of hazardous reactions. Reacts with metals forming hydrogen.

Reacts with alkali (lyes). Conditions to avoid To avoid thermal decomposition do not overheat.

Incompatible materials: Alkalis, Metals, Organic materials.

None Known

#### Hazardous Decomposition:

No specific data. Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply and the presence of other materials. Decomposition products can include and are not limited to: Aldehydes. Ketones. Organic acids. None Known Oxides of Sodium, Oxides of Phosphorus Hazardous polymerization will occur.

### Section 11 - Toxicological Information

#### **Mixture Toxicity**

Oral Toxicity LD50: 2,158mg/kg Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 220mg/L

### ACUTE TOXICITY:

The severity of the tissue damage is a function of its concentration, the length of tissue contact time, and local tissue conditions. After exposure there may be a time delay before irritation and other effects occur. This material is a strong irritant and is corrosive to the skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. This material may cause severe burns and permanent damage to any tissue with which it comes into contact. Inhalation will cause severe irritation, possible burns with pulmonary edema, which may lead to pneumonitis. Skin contact with this material may cause severe irritation, corrosion of tissue. Repeated exposure may cause dermatitis. Eye contact can cause severe irritation, and vomiting.

CARCINOGENICITY: This product is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA.

CAS Number Description % Weight Carcinogen Rating Section 12 - Ecological Information ECOTOXICITY DATA: Aquatic Toxicity: This material has exhibited moderate toxicity to aquatic organisms. Data provided are for sodium hydroxide. **Fish Toxicity:** LC50 Brook trout: 25 ppm/ 24 hr LC50 King salmon: 48 ppm Invertebrate Toxicity: LC50 Daphnia magna: 100 ppm LC50 Shrimp: 33 - 100 ppm/48 hr LC50 Cockle: 330 - 1000 ppm/48 hr FATE AND TRANSPORT: **BIODEGRADATION:** No information available PERSISTENCE: Soluble in water, persistence is unlikely based on information available . **BIOCONCENTRATION:** This material is not expected to bioconcentrate in oganisms. ADDITIONAL ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: This material has exhibited slight toxicity to terrestrial organisms. **Component Ecotoxicity** 

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

**Waste from material:** Reuse or reprocess, if possible. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. May be subject to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 261. Hazardous Waste Number(s): D002.

### Section 14 - Transportation Information

to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no way shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential or exemplary damages, howsoever arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

**Reviewer Revision** 

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